**East Clayton Farm Whistleblowing Policy and Procedure**

# DOCUMENT CONTROL

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**PRINCIPAL RELATED POLICIES & PROCEDURES**

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**CONFIRMATION OF RECEIPT OF POLICY & PROCEDURE**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name |  |
| Job Title |  |
| Line Manager |  |

I confirm I have received a copy of this policy and procedure and have read and understood the contents. I also confirm I have sought clarification from my line manager on any issues which I am not clear about.

Signed:

Date:

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# SECTION 1

# POLICY

This policy and procedure explains how any employee, volunteer or customer of our charitable work, including children and vulnerable adults, can immediately ‘blow the whistle’ if they are worried or concerned about something wrong happening in the work place, safe in the knowledge that they will be supported if they come forward.

The policy covers serious public interest concerns that, in the reasonable belief of the individual, are either happening now, have happened, or are likely to happen.

# PRINCIPLES

East Clayton Farm (ECF) aims to conduct its business at all times with the highest standards of integrity and honesty. We expect all employees and workers to maintain the same standards in everything they do. All those who work for us are therefore strongly encouraged to report any perceived wrongdoing by the organisation or its employees, workers, contractors or agents that falls short of these principles.

It is safe and acceptable to speak up about concerns at an early stage. No action will be taken against anyone who makes an allegation in good faith, reasonably believing it to be true, even if the allegation is not subsequently confirmed by the investigation. We prefer the issue or concern to be raised, rather than run the risk of not detecting a problem early on.

If an individual raises a genuine concern under this policy, they will not be at risk of losing their job or suffering any detriment (such as reprisal or victimisation).

East Clayton Farm will not tolerate any harassment or victimisation (including informal pressures) and will take appropriate action, in line with our Bullying and Harassment Policy and Procedure, to protect those who raise a concern in good faith.

Any investigation into allegations of potential malpractice will not influence or be influenced by any disciplinary or redundancy procedures already taking place concerning an individual.

If after investigation, it is found that an individual has raised a concern maliciously and which they know to be untrue, this will be dealt with under our Disciplinary Policy and Procedure/

Every effort will be made to ensure confidentiality as far as this is reasonably practicable. It must be appreciated that it will be easier to follow up and to verify complaints if the individual is prepared to give his/her name, and unsupported anonymous complaints and allegations are much less powerful and therefore will be treated with caution.

Help will be provided to anyone raising a concern in order to minimise any difficulties, which they experience. This may include advice on giving evidence if needed. Meetings may, if necessary, be arranged off-site with the employee being represented if they wish.

All managers at every level of the organisation have a duty to ensure that individuals are provided with the opportunity at all times to express their concerns.

Open discussion on safe working practices with regard to safeguarding, health and safety and environment, are discussed routinely by the manager and the individual at performance review meetings.

# SCOPE

This policy applies to all employees, workers, volunteers, agency and contract staff working for East Clayton Farm.

The Whistleblowing procedure is not to be used for complaints about employment or how you have been treated, rather the following will apply:

* + Disciplinary & Grievance Policy & Procedure
  + Staff Handbook
  + Complaints Policy & Procedure

This policy does not apply to Incident and Risk reporting covered under Health and Safety and Environmental Management procedures.

# EXPECTATIONS

All employees, workers, volunteers, agency and contract staff working for East Clayton Farm will be made aware of this policy at induction and be requested to confirm their reading and acceptance of it.

At each policy review, employees, workers, volunteers, agency and contract staff working for East Clayton Farm will be requested to confirm their reading and acceptance of it.

Whilst formal training is not required for managers, whistleblowing concerns will be included during operational review meetings addressing issue and risk management.

All concerns raised and investigations conducted under this policy and procedure will be reviewed by the CEO to ensure appropriate action has been taken and where appropriate policy and procedure is amended to prevent re-occurrence.

# DEFINITIONS

**Whistleblowing:** The official name for Whistleblowing is ‘making a disclosure in the public interest’. It means that if you believe there is wrongdoing in your workplace, you can report this by following the correct processes and your employment rights are protected.

### Serious Public Interest Concerns include:

* + conduct which is an offence or a breach of law, e.g. fraud, corruption or theft
  + disclosures related to miscarriages of justice
  + health and safety risks, including risks to clients and visitors as well as individuals who work for us
  + Verbal, sexual or physical abuse of individuals, or other unethical conduct/behaviour
  + discrimination on grounds of sex, race or disability or religion
  + damage to the environment, e.g. green issues
  + malpractice
  + professional misconduct
  + nepotism
  + Deliberate covering up of/failing to report information tending to show any of the
  + above matters.

This list is not exhaustive and there may be other serious public interest concerns, which would come under this Policy.

**Malpractice** –improper, illegal or negligent behaviour by anyone in the workplace.

# LEGISLATION and GUIDANCE

***The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998*** (Whistle-blowers Act) protects employees against detrimental treatment or dismissal as a result of any disclosure of normally confidential information in the interests of the public. The Act only covers protected disclosures under six categories listed below. To obtain protection employees must first disclose the information to the employer.

***The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998*** also implies actions that the employer should take to avoid damaging disclosure about its activities.

***Employment Rights Act 1996 -*** There may be some overlap between a whistleblowing concern and a grievance - such as on health and safety where the risk may be wholly or exclusively to the employee himself. It must be discussed with the individual and agreed whether this is a public interest concern or not.

***Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 -*** what employers must do to make sure their businesses comply with health and safety law

***Public Interest Disclosure (Prescribed Persons) Order 1999 and Subsequent Amendments:*** lists the persons and the public interest disclosures for which they are responsible., where disclosures are raised outside the workplace.

***BIS List of Prescribed Persons and Bodies (June 2015)*** provides a list of the prescribed persons and bodies, external to the workplace, who you can make a disclosure to.

***Bribery Act 2010 =*** describes the offence “ a financial or other advantage to encourage that person to perform their functions or activities improperly or to reward that person for having already done so”

***The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (ERRA)*** In order to benefit from whistleblower protection a disclosure must “in the reasonable belief of the worker making the disclosure” be “made in the public interest” and introduces both personal liability on employees who victimise their whistleblowing colleagues, and vicarious liability on the employer for the same.

***20/3/15 Dept. for Business Innovation and Skills publicatio****n* Whistleblowing: Guidance for employer and code of practice

***Data Protection Act (1998)*** – governs how personal data is used

# ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The CEO is the nominated sponsor for the Whistleblowing Policy and Procedure and :

* + ensures that all concerns raised are dealt with fairly, thoroughly and in accordance with the policy.
  + ensures , where appropriate, policy and procedure is amended to prevent re- occurrence.
  + acts as escalation lead where the nominated lead is unavailable and in matters referred to an external auditor or where an independent enquiry is required.

# Escalation Lead

The nominated Escalation Lead for this policy is the Designated Safeguarding Officer, Alison Oxkley who is the point of contact for all issues and concerns raised under this policy.

The Escalation Lead should be contacted:

* + by the whistle-blower for issues and concerns that cannot be raised with the line manager
  + by the whistle-blower where they feel that a decision made as a result of the concern they have raised is not safe or appropriate
  + by managers for advice on the appropriate course of action to be taken when an issue and concern has been raised under this policy
  + by managers to report on any action that has been taken under this policy

The Escalation Lead will ensure prompt and appropriate resolutions are taken and that the whistle-blower and CEO are informed and involved as appropriate.

The Escalation Lead will ensure that the process, actions and decisions taken are recorded in writing and shared with relevant staff, including the whistle-blower. This will include written confirmation between those involved about an agreed outcome and how any outstanding issues will be resolved.

The Escalation Lead, in agreement with the CEO /Board of Trustees, may call upon external agencies for advice and assistance.

# Managers

All managers are responsible for ensuring that individuals working for them are aware of the policy and its application, and for creating an environment in which they are able to express concerns freely and without fear of reprisal.

The manager must

* + be familiar with all related policies and ensure that the correct procedure is followed dependent on the issue/concern raised.
  + ensure that prompt and appropriate action is taken, taking advice from the Escalation Lead.
  + Document the process, outcomes and agreements in writing keeping the Escalation Lead informed at all stages.

# Individuals

The individual has a responsibility to raise concerns providing s/he has a reasonable belief that malpractice and/or wrongdoing has occurred.

# RELATED POLICIES AND DOCUMENTS

ECF have the following related policy and documents

* + Safeguarding children and vulnerable adults policy
  + Health and Safety policy and procedures
  + Environmental Policy statement and EMS handbook

# IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING & REVIEW

All managers are responsible for implementing and monitoring this policy, which will be reviewed on a regular basis and additionally whenever there are relevant changes in legislation or to our working practices.

Any questions or concerns about the interpretation or operation of this policy should be taken up in the first instance with the CEO.

# SECTION 2 PROCEDURE

# When should a concern be raised?

## Raise the concern, as soon as you are reasonably sure that something wrong :

* + has happened
  + is happening
  + could happen

Make sure you have considered the issue / concern carefully and you can relate the facts as you see them. Remember you are a witness and are not responsible for resolving the issue.

Before blowing the whistle, you may want to seek advice internally via the Escalation Lead or CEO All such contact will be treated confidentially.

If you feel you cannot discuss the issue internally, then you can get independent advice through the Public Concern at Work (PCAW) confidential helpline <http://www.pcaw.org.uk/advice>

### Who should a concern be raised with?

Wherever possible concerns and issues should be raised internally and with your line manager.

Where the seriousness or sensitivity of the concern merits involvement of a more senior manager, for example, where the line manager is suspected of malpractice, you can approach the manager of the line manager, the Designated Escalation Lead or CEO. To whistleblow externally, you must make sure that you have chosen the correct person or body for your issue and there are specific conditions which have to be met by to have protection under the whistle-blowers act. Therefore, the easiest way in which you can make a protected disclosure is to raise it internally.

Where you believe the concern to be endemic within the management structure, you may discuss your options with the CEO or via the PCAW helpline.

### How should a concern be raised?

Concerns may be raised verbally or in writing. and include the following information:

* + Date(s) of incident(s)
  + Type of incident (see What the Policy covers in Section 1 for guidance)
  + Description of incident(s)/details of concerns
  + Where it happened, will happen, is happening
  + Who has been involved
  + The reason(s) for your concern
  + Your name, work location and contact details (if you feel comfortable sharing your identity)

If the concern is raised verbally, the manager receiving the information must put it in writing immediately and confirm with the individual that the written record properly reflects the concerns that have been raised.

**How Will East Clayton Farm Respond?**

The manager receiving the report of alleged malpractice will make initial enquiries to decide whether urgent action is required, before any investigation is conducted.

Concerns or allegations raised that fall within the scope of safeguarding children and vulnerable adults must be handled under the robust escalation procedures laid down clearly in our related Safeguarding Children and Vulnerable Adults Policy & Procedure

If, in the public interest, an investigation is appropriate, the manager will agree with the Escalation Lead, what form the investigation should take which may include

* + jnvestigation by management, internal audit
  + management through the disciplinary process

If, in the public interest, the Escalation lead considers an external investigation is appropriate, they will agree with the CEO /Board of Trustees what action should be taken. This may include

* + referral to the police
  + referral to the external auditor
  + establishment of an independent inquiry

### What is the timescale for the procedure?

Within **four weeks** of a concern being raised, the Manager receiving it will write to the individual:

* + acknowledging that the concern has been received
  + indicating how East Clayton Farm propose to deal with the matter
  + giving an estimate of how long it will take to provide a full response
  + saying whether any initial enquiries have been made
  + supplying information on support available to the employee and
  + saying whether further investigations will take place and if not, why not.

Subject to the provisions of the *Data Protection Act (1998)*, the employee will be informed of the final outcome of any investigation.

### Concerns on the outcome of the internal investigation

If you consider actions or decisions taken as a result of your raising a concern are unsafe or inappropriate, you should consult the Escalation Lead.

You must be specific as to what the disagreement is about; and what you aim to achieve.

Where the concern remains unresolved, the Escalation Lead will agree with you an arbitration procedure to assist in discussion and resolution.

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